Date: 9/2/2023 9:06:09 AM

From: "T Kost"

To: "Paul Dulberg", "Alphonse Talarico"

Subject: Re: New strategies which focus on Fraud of the Court

Both in 17LA377 and in Otto's court you are involved with cases that were severely damaged by acts of Fraud on the Court. You have the evidence of Fraud on the Court. Yet it seems the cases are being pursued as if you believe you can win a case that was severely damaged by Fraud on the Court without addressing the Fraud on the Court.

I believe we need a strategy that gets the evidence of Fraud on the Court in front of the eyes of Judge Otto and in front of the eyes of the Court of Appeals in the case of Popovich and Mast.

I believe we cannot continue to "tip-toe" around the Extrinsic Fraud and Fraud on the Court that unquestionably took place. I think we could be fools for pursuing the extremely damaged cases without the Judge being informed of the Fraud on the Court that took place.

On Sat, Sep 2, 2023 at 9:04 AM T Kost <tkost999@gmail.com> wrote:

A separate important point about accusing someone of fraud is that the accuser must be able to explain how and when they first learned about the fraud.

So it is important to ask: When did we learn about Clinton and Williams committing fraud on the court?

The answer is: A few months ago.

The defense will have a right to inquire whether you knew about fraud but delayed releasing the information intentionally.

I do not believe we want to be perceived as knowing about Fraud on the Court but not acting on the knowledge. Once we know we should articulate it in written form. (We have just finished placing the accusations of Fraud on the Court in written form.)

But once we have it in written form we should introduce it as evidence that can be used in court. If we do not take prompt steps to make this evidence valid in court then the question can be asked: Why didn't we act sooner?

For many reasons I do not believe we want to hoard evidence of fraud privately. We should have a clear and direct plan of action for putting it before the eyes of any sitting Judge promptly as valid evidence that can be used in court.

Fraud on the Court should be taken as the 'gravatas' of accusations. Fraud on the Court and Extrinsic Fraud should be presented to a Judge as a PRIMARY CAUSE OF ACTION.

(Strangely, it is as if sitting on this information helps perpetrate the fraud on the court AGAINST US. We will be helping to keep the fraud going.)

On Sat, Sep 2, 2023 at 9:02 AM T Kost <tkost999@gmail.com> wrote:

The mistake in our current approach can be seen clearly in the case of Judge Otto granting the Baudin Summary Judgment over the 2 year statute of limitations issue.

- 1) We had the evidence in our possession to refute the argument. This is the information in the Clinton-Williams ARDC Complaint.
- 2) We could not use the evidence in Judge Otto's court.

This is how things will probably end up over and over unless we address the Fraud on the Court as the PRIMARY CAUSE OF ACTION.

The primary legal question (in my opinion) should be: How do you bring the extrinsic evidence of Fraud on the Court before the judge as valid evidence?

The answer (as I currently understand it) is through Declaratory Judgments until one has enough information to file a civil rights violation case. In our special case I believe we already have an overwhelming amount of evidence to prove Extrinsic Fraud and Fraud on the Court.

If we continue on our current course we are simply hoarding evidence of Fraud on the Court and (incorrectly) sitting on it.

On Sat, Sep 2, 2023 at 9:00 AM T Kost < tkost999@gmail.com wrote:

I am going to proceed to explain why I believe your current course of action is incorrect.

- 1) In general, you cannot deal with issues involving fraud without addressing the fraud. If you try I believe you are falling into a trap.
- 2) When fraud is involved in producing a result, fraud becomes the primary issue, not the result.

I believe we are currently treating fraud on the court as an additional issue, not as THE PRIMARY ISSUE. We currently talk about dealing with it "in a few months" or "later". I suspect this is because we have not yet recognized that your PRIMARY CAUSE OF ACTION HAS CHANGED.

In legal terms I believe that our "gravaman" has changed. I am using the following definition of "Gravaman":

The "Gravamen" of the Complaint is the part of an accusation that weighs most heavily against the accused; the substantial part of a charge or complaint. The Gravamen represents that aspect of the case that if resolved would most likely bring the case to a close. In cases of <u>Fraud Upon the Court</u> the <u>Omission</u> is usually a simple matter that if presented to a judge at an Evidentiary Hearing would most certainly have to be factored in to the the Judgment."

In other words, the "gravaman" of our accusations have changed. Fraud on the court and extrinsic fraud are now our most serious accusations. "Fraud on the court" is our "gravaman".

In this language, I believe our current mistake is that we are not addressing the 'gravaman' of our accusations (which is Fraud on the court).

If what I write is correct, then our highest priority would be to establish the accusation of "Fraud on the court" as our primary cause of action. We are currently in possession of overwhelming evidence of "fraud on the court". We have also articulated charges of "fraud on the court" in writing with exhibits.

Strangely, even though we have this information Judges presiding over our cases are not allowed to see it. This means we are sitting on this information. We are not acting as if "fraud on the court" is our primary cause of action.

This, I believe, is a mistake we need to correct.

On Sat, Sep 2, 2023 at 8:59 AM T Kost < tkost99@gmail.com wrote: This is a thread of 9 emails. Please read carefully.

There are a few things that I believe we are doing incorrectly. This needs to be discussed so I am starting this email thread to explain my position.

- 1) When Dulberg filed lawsuit 17LA377 against Popovich and Mast the complaint listed causes of action.
- 2) During the law and motion portion of 17LA377 fraud on the court was committed by officers of the court.
- 3) When we discovered fraud on the court taking place a NEW CAUSE OF ACTION emerged against officers of the court committing fraud on the court.

The problem we are experiencing is that we did not recognize that the new cause of action (fraud on the court) is now the PRIMARY CAUSE OF ACTION. I believe this is a mistake.

Once you know about the fraud on the court (like now), your primary cause of action should change to "fraud on the court" and "extrinsic fraud". Your secondary causes of action are your current lawsuits.

You cannot wait to act on the fraud. You have to act on the fraud on the court as your primary cause of action.

What you are doing wrong in my opinion is that you do not recognize "fraud on the court" as your primary cause of action. You already have a case under <u>Civil Rights</u> <u>Violation – Title 42 Section 1983</u> but you are not acting on it because you are pursuing secondary causes of action.